

WINE

We recommend you a custom-made tour to enjoy unforgettable days in As Rías Baixas.

The most important museums, the natural and cultural attractions of the main towns and the cuisine that should not be missed.

Day 1:

SANXENXO, O GROVE AND CAMBADOS



1 Castro of A Lanzada (Sanxenxo)

It is located in a privileged spot perfect to control marine traffic, with anchorage areas and near the tin mines. In the 2nd century BC, it was an important trading centre as well as a settlement dedicated to shellfish harvesting and fish salting. In addition, a late Roman necropolis and a building that may have been a place of Christian worship were also found.

You can choose 1 beach...



Sanxenxo Beaches

A Lapa Beach, Areas Beach, Areas Gordas Beach, Baltar Beach, Canelas Beach, Caneliñas Beach, Magor Beach, Montalvo Beach and Silgar Beach



Festa da Cebola (Sanxenxo)

The Festival of the Onion is held in September, coinciding with the feast of Saint Rosalía in the town of Sanxenxo. Local farmers sell their products in the stands set up near the port. Onion contests are also held. Prizes go to the largest onion, the longest string or the most original figure made with onions.



2 Centro de Interpretación Quinteiro de Temperán

This interpretation centre, located in an old 18th-century farmhouse, shows the Galician traditional culture. A tour of its different rooms allows you to know how people used to live and how the family was structured in rural areas.



3 Museo Etnográfico da Pesca e da Salga Salgadeiras de Moreiras

This museum is located in two restored fish salting factories (*salgadeiras*) and highlights the processes used to keep the sardine in brine. There, it is worth visiting the

outdoor pools and an exhibition area that shows the importance of the fishing, shellfish harvesting, salting and canning activities.



4 Aquarium of O Grove

It is a good example of the biological and ecological riches of the Galician seas. There, you can also learn more about the relationship between the sea and the human being. It also serves to raise awareness on the need of preserving the marine heritage.



5 Centro de Interpretación da Natureza do Monte Siradella

Located at the top of A Siradella Hill, this interpretation centre offers a breathtaking panoramic view. It provides information on the protected natural space Intertidal Complex Umia-O Grove, A Lanzada, O Carreirón Park and the Bodeira Lagoon.



Festa de Exaltación do Marisco (O Grove)

Festival declared of National Tourist Interest held in October, where visitors can enjoy Galician seafood at reasonable prices, namely mussels, turbot, crabs, shrimps, langoustines, oysters, scallops, clams or goose barnacles.



7 Casa-Museo do Pescador

A seaside building that shows the importance of the fishing activity in the town of Cambados, a deep-rooted economic activity. It is the best way to get to know the fishermen's life.

Temporarily closed



8 Museo Etnográfico e do Viño

It was the first museum dedicated to wine in Galicia, and is located in an old rectory. Its ethnographic collection serves as a common thread to discover the winegrowing culture in As Rías Baixas, the characteristics of the land, the varieties grown, the winemaking process and its bonds with the traditional culture.



9 Casa-Museo Ramón Cabanillas

A small seaside house that was the birthplace of this famous Galician poet, known as "poeta da raza" (poet of the race). There, one can find testimonies; objects and a wide range of elements that exerted a great influence on

him and that allow us to learn more about the most important Galician poet, member of the Galician nationalist organization Irmandades da Fala.

Temporarily closed



10 Historical and artistic site of Cambados

This town is known as the cradle of Albariño white wine. It boasts stately and manor houses and granite monuments. In the past, the villages of Fefiñáns, of noble character, Santo Tomé, a fishing neighbourhood, and the district of Cambados, with beaches, cobblestone streets and the Ruins of Santa Mariña de Dozo church, merged to create the town of Cambados.



11 Muíño das mareas de A Seca

Gonzalo Valladares, Lord of Fefiñáns, built this mill in the cove of Cambados in 1662 by using the ebb and flow of the tides. Now, it is a museum that keeps and displays the cultural and popular legacy of As Rías Baixas.

By appointment only ([+34 986 520 786](tel:+34986520786))

You can choose 1 winery where you can taste the wines under the Designation of Origin Rías Baixas from the region of O Salnés:



Adega Eidos

Padriñán, 65, 36960 Sanxenxo
[+34 986 690 009](tel:+34986690009)



Adega Pombal

Lugar Pombal - Noalla, 1 Sanxenxo
[+34 627 471 397](tel:+34627471397)



Bodega Don Olegario

Refoxos, s/n, Corvillón, 36630 Cambados
[+34 986 520 886](tel:+34986520886)



Bodega Gil Armada

Pazo de Fefiñáns, 36630 Cambados
[+34 986 52 48 77](tel:+34986524877) / [+34 660 078 252](tel:+34660078252)



Bodegas del Palacio de Fefiñanes

Plaza de Fefiñáns, s/n, 36630 Cambados
[+34 986 524 877](tel:+34986524877)



Bodegas Martín Códax

Burgáns, 91, Vilariño, 36633 Cambados
[+34 986 526 040](tel:+34986526040)



Lagar de Costa, S. L.

Sartaxes, 8, Castrelo, 36639 Cambados
[+34 669 086 569](tel:+34669086569)



Festa do Albariño (Cambados)

A festival declared of International Tourist Interest held every year in August. There, it is possible to buy some bottles of Albariño white wine or taste it at any of the stands of the local wineries. During the festival, there is also a contest that awards the winery with the best wine under the Designation of Origin Rías Baixas of the previous year. During this event, a large number of cultural activities are also held.



Festa da Vieira (Cambados)

Festival declared of Tourist Interest in Galicia, held in July, where one can taste the scallop in different dishes. Activities and shows are also organised during the festival.



Day 2:

A ILLA DE AROUSA, VILANOVA DE AROUSA, VILAGARCÍA DE AROUSA, RIBADUMIA, MEIS AND MEAÑO



12 Centro de Interpretación da Conserva

This interpretation centre is located in the old cannery of Goday, the first canning plant in Galicia dating from the 19th century. It shows the production process of a cannery and its history. Nearby is Muelle de Pau, an old fish salting factory, which also belonged to the Goday family.



13 Lighthouse of Punta Cabalo (A Illa de Arousa)

It was built in 1852 but stop working at the beginning of the 20th century. Nowadays, it serves as a restaurant offering beautiful views over the coastal inlet Ría de Arousa.



Festa dos Produtos do Mar (A Illa de Arousa)

Food event held in August, with market stalls placed by the port of O Xufre where one can enjoy clams, shrimps, cockles, octopus...



14 Casa-Museo Valle-Inclán

This museum is located in the Casa do Cuadrante, a traditional building that was owned by the maternal grandparents of the Galician writer Valle-Inclán where he was supposedly born. It displays book collections, original manuscripts and other documents related to the author.



Festa do Mexillón e do Berberecho (Vilanova de Arousa)

Festival declared of Tourist Interest in Galicia held in August, where one can taste the main products of the coastal inlet Ría de Arousa: the mussel and the cockle.



Museo do Ferrocarril

In 1873, O Carril, parish of the town of Vilagarcía de Arousa, became the station of the first railway line in Galicia, from the parish of Cornes to O Carril. Today, the former station houses the railway museum.



Festa da Ameixa (Vilagarcía de Arousa)

Festival declared of Tourist Interest in Galicia, held in August at the port of O Carril, where one can enjoy the clams bred in the coastal inlet Ría de Arousa. This delicacy can be perfectly paired with a glass of Albariño white wine.



Monastery of Santa María da Armenteira (Meis)

Monastic complex located in a natural landscape. It was founded between 1149 and 1162, and abandoned in 1837. Later, in 1989, the monastery became the residence of a small community of nuns. It is an important historic building and also serves as an inn.



Festa Labrega (Meis)

Festival held in July aimed at promoting the agricultural and rural tradition of the town. There are market stalls of artisanal and agricultural products. Traditional games and an exhibition of farm animals are also organised.



Trail Ruta dos Muíños de Barrantes – Ruta da Pedra e da Auga (Ribadumia, Meis)

This 7-kilometre trail runs along the banks of the Armenteira River and passes by the mills of Barrantes and Serén and the Aldea Labrega (peasant village) in Meis to reach the monastery of Santa María da Armenteira. Along the route, it is possible to enjoy the rivers, natural spots and the typical local architecture.



6 Centro de Interpretación da Muller Labrega

This interpretation centre, located in the manor house Pazo de Lis, acknowledges the work of the Galician rural women in different spheres, such as family organization, household economy, social relationships, and women tasks such as bread-making, linen processing or sewing.

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Bodega Pazo Baión

Abelleira, 4-6, Baión, 36614 Vilanova de Arousa
[+34 986 543 535](tel:+34986543535)



Adegas Terra de Asorei

Cabeiro, San Martiño de Meis, s/n, 36637 Meis
[+34 986 680 868](tel:+34986680868)



Pazo de Señoráns

Lugar de Vilanoviña, 30, Paradela, 36616 Meis
[+34 986 715 373](tel:+34986715373)



Bouza de Carril

Avenida Caponiñas, 14, Barrantes, 36636 Ribadumia
[+34 600 02 06 27](tel:+34600020627)



Paco & Lola, bodega y viñedos

Lugar de Valdamor, 18, Xil, 36968 Meaño
[+34 986 747 779](tel:+34986747779)



Lagar de Besada

O Pazo, 11, Xil, 36968 Meaño
[+34 986 747 473](tel:+34986747473)